TRIDONIC



Driver LC 75W 1400mA fixC lp SNC2 essence series SELV

Product description

- Fixed output built-in LED Driver
- Constant current LED Driver
- For luminaires of protection class I and protection class II
- Temperature protection as per EN 61347-2-13 C5e
- Output current 1,400 mA
- Max. output power 75.6 W
- Up to 90 % efficiency
- Nominal life-time up to 50,000 h
- 5-year guarantee

Housing properties

- Casing: metal, white
- Type of protection IP20

Functions

- Overload protection
- Short-circuit protection
- No-load protection

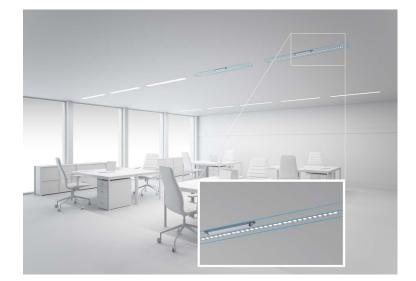


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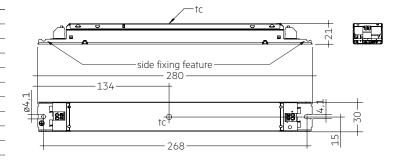
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Driver LC 75W 1400mA fixC lp SNC2

essence series SELV

Technical data

Rated supply voltage	220 - 240 V
AC voltage range	198 – 264 V
Input current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	0.37 A
Leakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 450 μA
Mains frequency	50 / 60 Hz
Output power range	28.0 – 75.6 W
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 20 %
Output current tolerance®	± 7.5 %
Output LF current ripple (< 120 Hz) at full load	± 10 %
Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Hold on time at power failure (output)	0 s
Ambient temperature ta	-20 +50 °C
Ambient temperature ta (at life-time 50,000 h)	50 °C
Storage temperature ts	-40 +80 °C
Mains burst capability	1 kV
Mains surge capability (between L – N)	1 kV
Mains surge capability (between L/N – PE)	2 kV
Surge voltage at output side (against PE)	3 kV
Life-time	up to 50,000 h
Dimensions L x W x H	280 x 30 x 21 mm
Hole spacing D	268 mm



Ordering data

Туре	Article	Packaging,	Packaging,	Packaging,	Weight
	number	carton	low volume	high volume	per pc.
LC 75/1400/54 fixC lp SNC2	87500783	50 pc(s).	900 pc(s).	2,700 pc(s).	0.203 kg

Specific	technical	data

Туре	Output	Max.	Typ. power	λat	Efficiency	λat	Efficiency	Min.	Max.	Max. output	Max. peak output	Max. casing
	current [®]	input	consumption (at	full load®	at full	min. load®	at min.	forward	forward	voltage	current at full load ¹⁰	temperature tc
		power	230 V, 50 Hz, full load)		load®		load®	voltage®	voltage®	(U-OUT)		
LC 75/1400/54 fixC lp SNC2	1,400 mA	84 W	83 W	0.95	90 %	0.9C	85 %	20 V	54 V	60 V	1,656 mA	80 °C
©												

[®] Test result at 230 V, 50 Hz.

 $^{\ensuremath{\varnothing}}$ The trend between min. and full load is linear.

[®] Output current is mean value.

1. Standards

EN 55015 EN 61000-3-2 EN 61000-3-3 EN 61347-1 EN 61347-2-13 EN 61547 EN 62384

2. Thermal details and life-time

2.1 Expected life-time

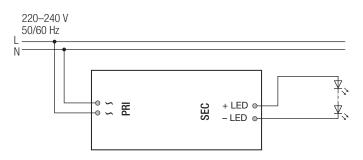
Expected life-time

Туре	ta	40 °C	50 °C	60 °C
LC 75/1400/54 fixC lp SNC2	tc	70 ℃	80 °C	х
	Life-time	100,000 h	50,000 h	х

The LED Driver is designed for a life-time stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

3. Installation / wiring

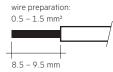
3.1 Circuit diagram



3.2 Wiring type and cross section

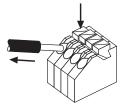
The wiring can be stranded wires with ferrules or rigid wires with a cross section of 0.5 – 1.5 mm².

Strip 8.5 – 9.5 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push-wire terminals (WAGO 250).



3.3 Release of the wiring

Press down the "push button" and remove the cable from front.



3.4 Wiring guidelines

- All connections must be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMI behaviour.
- Mains leads should be kept apart from LED Driver and other leads (ideally 5 – 10 cm distance)
- Max. length of output wires is 2 m.
- Incorrect wiring can damage LED modules.
- To avoid the damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

3.5 Earth connection

The earth connection is conducted as protection earth (PE). The LED Driver can be earthed via metal housing. If the LED Driver will be earthed, protection earth (PE) has to be used. There is no earth connection required for the functionality of the LED Driver. Earth connection is recommended to improve following behaviour.

- Electromagnetic interferences (EMI)
- Transmission of mains transients to the LED output

In general it is recommended to earth the LED Driver if the LED module is mounted on earthed luminaire parts respectively heat sinks and thereby representing a high capacity against earth.

For Class I application, protection earth need to connected with the metal housing (bottom part).

For Class II application, protection earth is no need to be connected, below 2 scenarios should be considered:

- If the LED Driver housing is screw on a metal part inside the luminaires, both LED Driver and LED module must be insulated.
- If the LED Driver housing is screw on a plastic part inside the luminaires, the LED module need to be insulated.

3.6 Replace LED module

1. Mains off

- 2. Remove LED module
- 3. Wait for 30 seconds
- 4. Connect LED module again

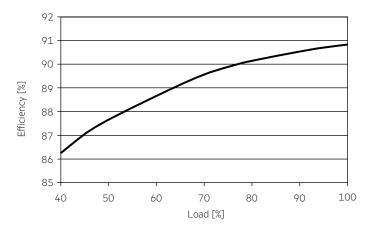
Hot plug-in or output switching of LEDs is not permitted and may cause a very high current to the LEDs.

3.7 Mounting of device

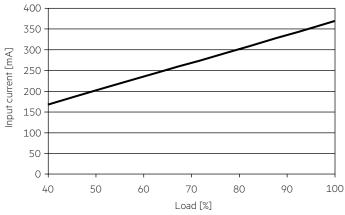
Max. torque for fixing: 0.5 Nm/M4

4. Electrical values

4.1 Efficiency vs load

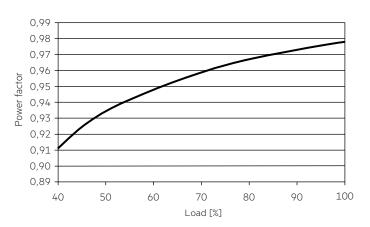


4.4 Input current vs load

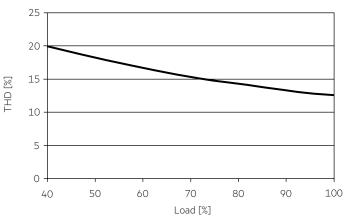


4.5 THD vs load (without harmonic < 5 mA or 0.6 % of the input current)



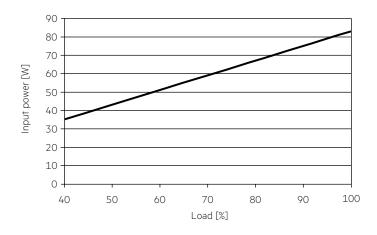






4.3 Input power vs load

4.2 Power factor vs load



LED Driver Linear fixed output

4.6 Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers in relation to inrush current

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrush	current
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	Imax	Time
LC 75/1400/54 fixC lp SNC2	15	25	30	40	15	25	30	40	15 A	50 µs

These are max. values calculated out of continuous current running the device on full load.

There is no limitation due to inrush current.

If load is smaller than full load for calculation only continuous current has to be considered.

4.7 Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load) in %

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LC 75/1400/54 fixC lp SNC2	< 20	< 18	< 5	< 4	< 3	< 3

Acc. to 6100-3-2. Harmonics < 5 mA or < 0.6 % (whatever is greater) of the input current are not considered for calculation of THD.

5. Functions

5.1 Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short circuit on the output side (LED) the LED Driver switches into hic-cup mode. After elimination of the short-circuit fault the LED Driver will recover automatically.

5.2 No-load operation

The LED Driver works in burst working mode to provide a constant output voltage regulation which allows the application to be able to work safely when LED string opens due to a failure.

5.3 Overload protection

If the output voltage range is exceeded the LED Driver will protect itself and LED may flicker. After elimination of the overload, the nominal operation is restored automatically.

6. Miscellaneous

6.1 Insulation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an insulation test with 500 V $_{DC}$ for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal. The insulation resistance must be at least 2 MΩ.

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V $_{AC}$ (or 1.414 x 1500 V $_{DC}$). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

6.2 Conditions of use and storage

Humidity:	5 % up to max. 85 %,
	not condensed
	(max. 56 days/year at 85 %)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be within the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

6.3 Additional information

Additional technical information at <u>www.tridonic.com</u> \rightarrow Technical Data

Guarantee conditions at <u>www.tridonic.com</u> \rightarrow Services

Life-time declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim. No warranty if device was opened.